

Bott Canonical basis ?

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complex geometry motivated by repr. theory

following Mike Grossberg

Canonical basis

$K \curvearrowright V$ unirrep

K compact, connected,
simply connected

$T \subset K$ maximal torus

$V = \bigoplus_{\alpha \in t_{\mathbb{Z}}^*} V_{\alpha}$ isotypic decomposition
into weight spaces

$$T \xrightarrow{a \mapsto a^{\alpha}} S' \curvearrowright \mathbb{C}_{\alpha}$$

$$V_{\alpha} = \underbrace{\mathbb{C}_{\alpha} \oplus \dots \oplus \mathbb{C}_{\alpha}}_{\text{mult}(\alpha)}$$

goal: decompose "canonically"

We achieve this
using a complex analytic big torus action

modulo a conjectural cohomology-vanishing condition.

Choices: T , $B \subset G := K_{\mathbb{C}}$, reduced expression for longest element of Weyl group

Big torus action

$(S^1)^{\text{big}} \curvearrowright \begin{array}{c} L \\ \downarrow \\ M \end{array}$ Holomorphic line bundle
connected, \exists fixed point

$\text{big} := \dim_{\mathbb{C}} M$

Then $\Gamma_{\text{hol}}(M, L)$ splits into one dim'l weight spaces.

Geometric models for representations

$V = \Gamma_{\text{hol}}(M, L)$ for $\begin{array}{c} L \\ \downarrow \\ M \end{array}$

Borel-Weil : $M = \text{flag mfd}$

Demazure : $M = \text{complex Bott-Samelson mfd}$

Bott : use $(S^1)^{\text{big}} \curvearrowright \text{Bott-Samelson mfd}$
to decompose $V = \Gamma_{\text{hol}}(M, L)$

problem : action is holomorphic
for different cplx structure
"Bott tower"

Borel-Weil.

$$G = K_{\mathbb{C}}$$

e.g. $K = \text{SU}(m)$, $G = \text{SL}(m, \mathbb{C})$

$$H = T_{\mathbb{C}} \quad \text{Cartan}$$

$$t_+^* \subset t^* \quad \text{positive Weyl chamber}$$

$B \subset G$ Borel e.g. $\begin{bmatrix} * & & \\ & \ddots & \\ 0 & & * \end{bmatrix}$

$$\{\text{unirreps } K \curvearrowright V\} \longleftrightarrow t_{\mathbb{Z}}^* \cap t_+^*$$

$$V \mapsto \lambda = \text{highest weight}$$

$$V \leftarrow \lambda$$

Borel-Weil:

$$B = H \cdot U \xrightarrow{\text{project}} H \curvearrowright \mathbb{C}_{-\lambda}$$

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
K \curvearrowright \mathbb{C}_{-\lambda} & \xrightarrow{\cong} & G \times_B \mathbb{C}_{-\lambda} =: L \\
\downarrow & & \downarrow \\
K/T & \xrightarrow{\cong} & G/B = M
\end{array}$$

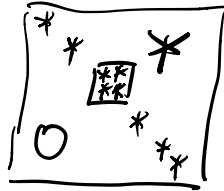
$$V = \Gamma_{\text{hol}}(M, L)$$

Bott-Samelson

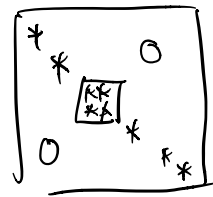
$\alpha_1, \dots, \alpha_n \in \mathfrak{t}_Z^*$ simple positive roots

P_i parabolic

e.g.



$K_i \subset P_i$ maximal compact
e.g.



$$T_i = Z(K_i)$$

choose sequence of simple positive roots

$\alpha_{i_1}, \dots, \alpha_{i_n}$

Bott-Samelson m.f.d.:

$$K_{i_1} \times_T K_{i_2} \times_T \dots \times_T K_{i_n} / T$$

$$[k_1, k_2, \dots, k_n] = [k_1, a_1, a_1^{-1} k_2, a_2, \dots, a_{n-1}^{-1} k_n, a_n]$$

$$(S')^{\text{big}} = T \times_{T_{i_1}} T \times_{T_{i_2}} \dots \times_{T_{i_n}} T / T_{i_n}$$

Complex Bott-Samelson

Hansen, Demazure
mid 1970s

$$\begin{array}{ccc} K_{i_1} \times_T K_{i_2} \times_T \cdots \times_T K_{i_n} / T & \xrightarrow{\cong} & P_{i_1} \times_B P_{i_2} \times_B \cdots \times_B P_{i_n} / B \\ \downarrow \text{mult} & & \downarrow \text{mult} \\ K/T & \xrightarrow{\cong} & G/B \end{array}$$

+ associated line bundles

$$\Gamma_{\text{hol}}(G \times_B \mathbb{C}_{-\alpha}) \xrightarrow{\text{pullback}} \Gamma_{\text{hol}}(P_{i_1} \times_B \cdots \times_B P_{i_n} \times_B \mathbb{C}_{-\alpha})$$

is an isomorphism

if $\alpha_{i_1}, \dots, \alpha_{i_n}$ come from a reduced expression for longest element of the Weyl gp.

Demazure
= complex Bott-Samelson:

$$[P_{i_1}, \dots, P_{i_n}] = [P_{i_1} b_{i_1} b_{i_1}^{-1} P_{i_2} b_{i_2}, \dots, b_{i_{n-1}}^{-1} P_{i_n} b_{i_n}]$$

Bott tower: $[P_{i_1}, \dots, P_{i_n}] = [P_{i_1} b_{i_1} h_{i_1}^{-1} P_{i_2} b_{i_2}, \dots, h_{i_{n-1}}^{-1} P_{i_n} b_{i_n}]$

$$b_j \mapsto h_j$$

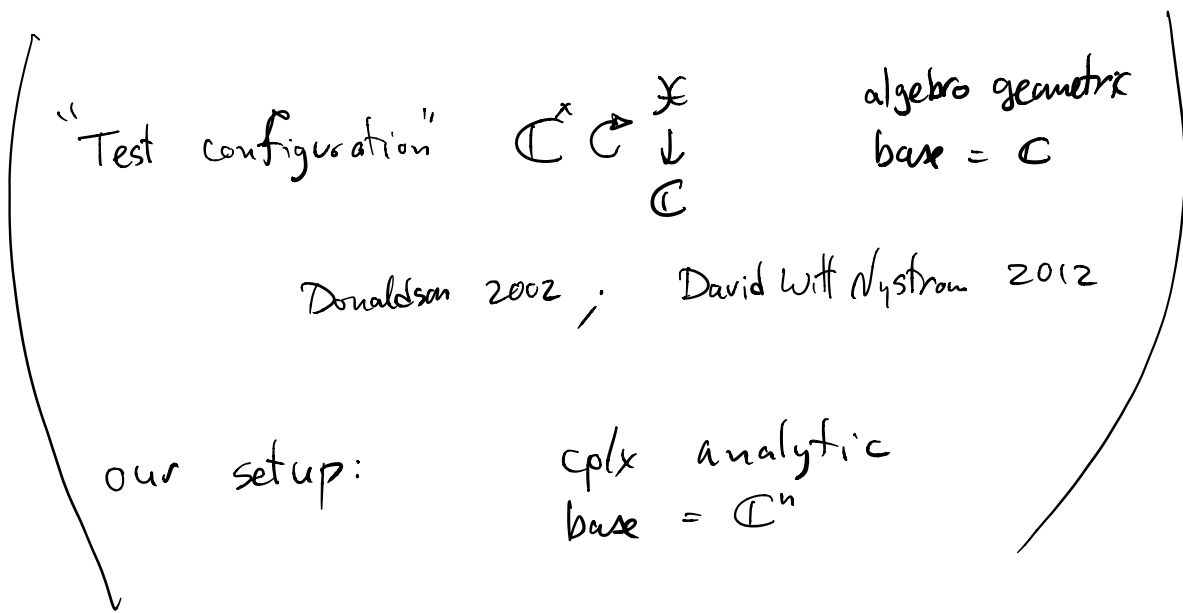
$$B \rightarrow H$$

Mike Grossberg: family of cplx strgs $\{J_t\}_{t \in [0,1]}$
 on Bott-Samelson

Sit. $t=1$: Demazure
 $t=0$: Bott tower

Joseph Bernstein, ≈ 1993 :

try to extend toric action on special fibre
 to action on the family



Bott Samelson family

$$S: \mathbb{C}^x \longrightarrow H \quad \text{s.t.}$$

Cartan

for simple root α_i

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \mathbb{C}^x & \xrightarrow{S} & H \\ & \searrow & \uparrow \alpha_i \\ & & \mathbb{C}^x \end{array}$$

$t \mapsto t^{\alpha_i}$

Smallest q .

$$\Rightarrow \psi_t: B \rightarrow B, \quad t \in \mathbb{C}$$

$$t \neq 0: \quad b \mapsto s(t) b s(t)^{-1}$$

$$t = 0: \quad b = hu \mapsto h$$

$B \rightarrow H$

e.g. $SU(3)$

$$s(t) = \begin{bmatrix} t & & \\ & 1 & \\ & & t^{-1} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\psi_t: \begin{pmatrix} a & d & f \\ 0 & b & e \\ 0 & 0 & c \end{pmatrix} \mapsto \begin{pmatrix} a & td & tf \\ 0 & b & te \\ 0 & 0 & c \end{pmatrix}$$

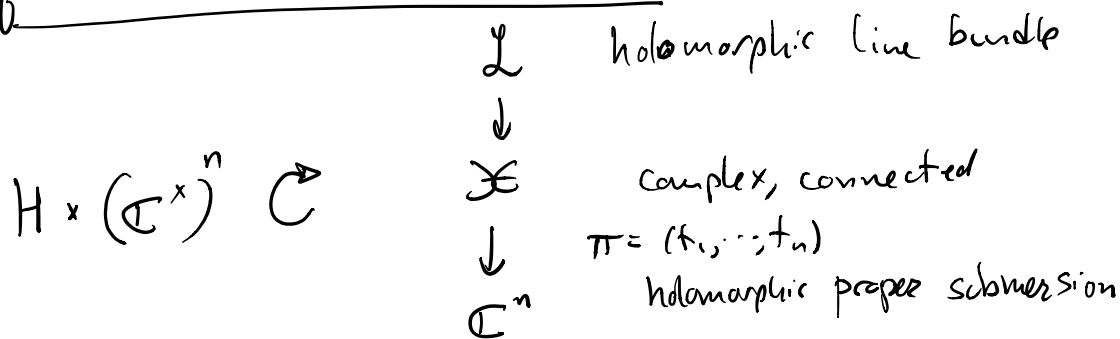
$$\begin{array}{ccc} X_t \ni [t; P_1, \dots, P_n] = [t; P_1 b_1, \psi_t(b_1)^{-1} P_2 b_2, \dots \\ \pi \downarrow & & \dots, \psi_t(b_{n-1})^{-1} P_n b_n] \\ \mathbb{C}^n \ni t & & \end{array}$$

left action of $H \times (\mathbb{C}^x)^n$:

$$(h, \tau_1, \dots, \tau_n): [t_1, \dots, t_n; P_1, \dots, P_n] \mapsto [\tau_1 t_1, \dots, \tau_n t_n; h s(\tau_1) P_1, \dots, s(\tau_n) P_n]$$

+ associated line bundles

Equivariant families over \mathbb{C}^n



$$X_0 := \pi^{-1}(0, \dots, 0)$$

$$X_1 := \pi^{-1}(1, \dots, 1)$$

$$L_0 := \mathcal{L}|_{X_0}$$

$$L_1 := \mathcal{L}|_{X_1}$$

Assume

- t_j (\mathbb{C}^x) _{j th} $\subset X_0$ has a fixed point w/ isotropy wts ≤ 0

- $H^{>1}(\mathcal{X}, \mathcal{O}_{\mathcal{L}}) = \{0\}$

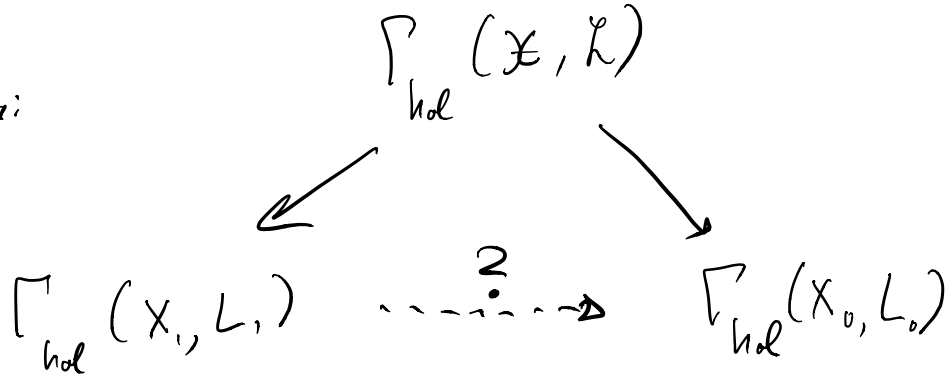
\Rightarrow "holomorphic Hadamard lemma" :

$\forall s \in \Gamma_{\text{hol}}(\mathcal{X}, \mathcal{L})$, if $s|_{X_0} = 0$, then

$$s = t_1 s_1 + \dots + t_n s_n \quad \text{for some } s_1, \dots, s_n \in \Gamma_{\text{hol}}(\mathcal{X}, \mathcal{L})$$

$$(\mathbb{C}^x)^n \hookrightarrow \mathbb{X}^{\mathbb{L}} \\ \downarrow \\ \mathbb{A}^n$$

rough idea:



"sweep": $s \in \Gamma_{\text{hol}}(X_1, L_1) \mapsto \tilde{s} \in \Gamma_{\text{hol}}(\mathbb{X}_{\text{reg}}, \mathbb{L})^{(\mathbb{C}^x)^n}$

$$\mathbb{X}_{\text{reg}} := \bigcap_j \{t_j \neq 0\} \subset \mathbb{X}$$

Lemma

singularities of \tilde{s} at each $t_j = 0$ are poles of bounded order.

"twist": $\tilde{s} \mapsto \underbrace{t^{-\vec{l}}}_{t_1^{-l_1} \cdots t_n^{-l_n}} \tilde{s}$ for $\vec{l} = (l_1, \dots, l_n) \in \mathbb{Z}^n$
for $t = \pi(x)$

Filtration of $V := \Gamma_{\text{hol}}(X_1, L_1)$:

$$F_{\vec{l}} := \left\{ s \in \Gamma_{\text{hol}}(X, L) \mid t^{-\vec{l}} s \text{ extends to } \mathcal{X} \right\}$$

$$\xrightarrow{\substack{\text{sweep, twist, extend to } \mathcal{X}, \\ \text{restrict to } X_0}} \Gamma_{\text{hol}}(X_0, L_0)$$

partial ordering:

$$\vec{l}' \geq \vec{l} \iff \forall j \quad l'_j \geq l_j$$

Lemma. $\text{Kernel} \left(F_{\vec{l}} \rightarrow \Gamma_{\text{hol}}(X_0, L_0) \right) = F_{>\vec{l}}$

$$F_{\vec{l}} / F_{>\vec{l}} \xrightarrow{\quad} \Gamma_{\text{hol}}(X_0, L_0)$$

\vec{l} th weight space in
 one dim'l if X_0 is toric

Thm. $V_{\text{graded}} := \bigoplus_{\vec{l}} F_{\vec{l}} / F_{>\vec{l}} \xrightarrow{\quad} V = \Gamma_{\text{hol}}(X, L)$

is 1-1 & onto.

THANK YOU!