

On relations between K-moduli and symplectic geometry

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joint with

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S. Introduction

Motivation: Donaldson-Fujiiki picture

(M, ω) cpt sympl $b_1(M) = 0$.

$\text{Symp}(M, \omega)$ $\text{Lie Symp}(M, \omega) = C_0^\infty(M)$

$\text{Symp}(M, \omega) \ni J_\omega := \{ J \mid J \text{ is compatible with } \omega \}$

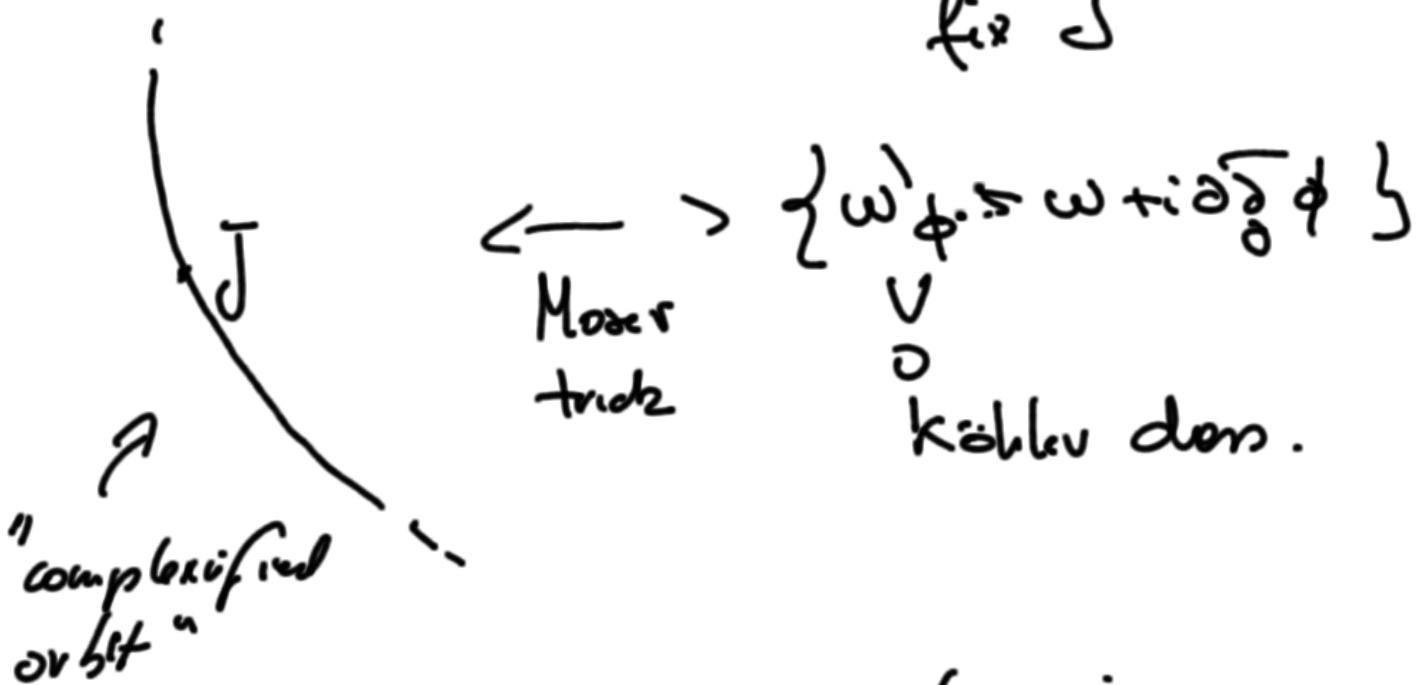
$g_J = \omega(-, J -)$
 $\phi_J = d\phi_J d\phi_J^{-1}$

$J \mapsto J_\omega^{(\text{int})} \rightarrow C_0^\infty(M)$ (coh. quantity)

$J \mapsto \text{Sc}(g_J) - \overline{\int_M \text{Sc}(g_J) \omega^n}$.

$\text{So } \mu^{-1}(0) \text{ (n)} \quad \text{Sc}(g_0) = \text{cst}$
 g_0 is csc metric.

$\text{So } \mu^{-1}(0)$
~~Symp(M, u)~~
 $\{$ "moduli space of csc
 metrics".
 $\}$ "0-dim GIT picture"
 fix J



Thus: search for a csc metric in a
 K\"ohler class [w]

↑
 find zeros of moment map in the
 "complexified orbit"

↑ Yau-Tian-Donaldson conj.

$(M_{\mathbb{P}^1})$ K-stable \leftarrow (stability
 for varieties)

$$\text{“} \int_{\text{Symp}}^{\text{int, stable.}} \text{”} = \int^{\text{int}} // \text{Symp}(M, \omega)$$

↑
moduli of
stable varieties.

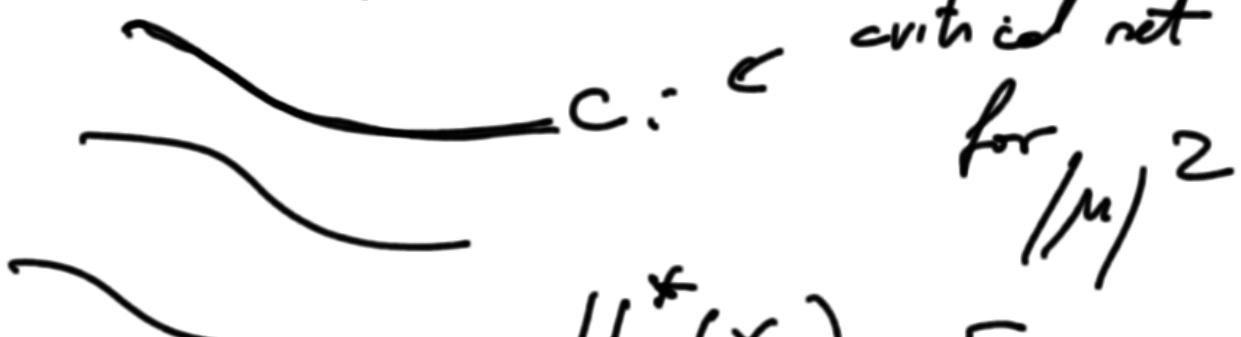
This picture suggests by studying moduli space of stable varieties then we can find information about more diff. geometric quantities such as the Symp group.

(Such philosophy indeed can work:

M. Abreu, G. Grajeda, N. Kitchloo)

Atiyah-Bott framework

$$|\mu|^2 \leftarrow \begin{array}{l} \text{Equivariant} \\ \text{Mor. B.d function} \end{array} \quad G \curvearrowright X$$



$H_G^*(X) \subset$
can be relate to
top of critical net

(If X is contractible $H_G^*(X) = H^*(BG)$)

$$\int_{\omega_{\text{int}}} |\mu|^2 \sim \int_M S^2(g_0) dV$$

M

Golden function.

So by looking to critical points of $|\mu|^2$
we are looking to extremal Kähler metric.

AGK (this heuristic works for certain rational surfaces)

$$(S^2 \times S^2, \omega_{FS} \oplus \omega_{FS})$$

$\lambda=1 \rightsquigarrow$ in this case only $P^1 \times P^1$

$\lambda \rightsquigarrow$ certain even Hirzebruch surfaces

$\int_{\omega_\lambda}^{\text{int}}$ weakly contractible

$$H^*(BSymp) \simeq H^*(\underbrace{BSO(3) \times BSO(3)}_{\text{isom to group of } \omega_{FS} \otimes \omega_{FS}}) \oplus \sum' H^*(\underbrace{BU(1) \times BU(1)}_{U(1) \times SO(3)})$$

isom to group
of $\omega_{FS} \otimes \omega_{FS}$.

$U(1) \times SO(3)$
isom to
group of
each contr.
manif. char. sf.

X is Fano complex manifold

$$c_1(\mathcal{L}) > 0$$

$[\omega]$ monothin symplectic

$\int_{\omega}^{\text{int}}$ still corresponds to Fano in low dimensions
we have complete classification

$n = 2$ del Pezzo surfaces

cpx dim

$n = 3$ Mori-Mukai

$\mu^{-1}(0) \hookrightarrow$ Kähler-Einstein metrics

$$\text{Ric}(g_0) = g_0$$

$$\cancel{\mu^{-1}(0)} \simeq \mathbb{M}^k$$

↑ k-moduli space of
k-stable Fano.

$$H_{\text{Symp}}^*(\int_{\omega}^{\text{int}})$$

some relations $H^*(\mathbb{M}^k)$

"moduli stack"

E.g. k-mod of P^n

$$[\cdot / \mathrm{PGL}(n)] \longrightarrow \{\bullet\}$$

$$H^*([\cdot / \mathrm{PGL}(n)])$$

$$H^2(B\mathrm{PGL}(n))$$

"coarse moduli"

Rank: $H_{\mathrm{Symp}}^*(J_w^{\text{int}})$ can be considered

as a "symplectic invariant".

{ get cover invariants by integrating interesting natural classes on the moduli.

e.g. $c(\lambda_n) \in H^2(M^n)$

↑ M-line bundle.

→ Tombarone '20
dP quartic
in any dimension
(-)

$$\underbrace{\int_{M^k} c_1^+(\lambda_{kn})}_{\text{ }} = \int_{\overline{M}^k} c_1^*(\lambda_{kn})$$

(degree of
descend) (M-line
bundle on the coarse
bundle on \overline{M})

k-moduli optimizations (constructed via
analogies in string theory)
 X_n, \dots (alg geom construction) Gramov-Hausdorff
limits)

Some results

Study aspects of these relations on explicit examples (del Pezzo surfaces).

Theorem $(BG_s, S\text{-D})$

$$B\Gamma(L_{[\omega]}, \text{Diff}_{[\omega]}) \xleftarrow[\text{weakly homot. equivalent}]{\text{weakly homot.}} B\text{Symp}(\omega)$$

$$\mathcal{J}_{\phi\omega}^{\text{int}}$$

$\mathcal{J}_{\phi\omega}^{\text{int}}$ is weakly homot. contractible.

Here : $L_{[\omega]} := \left\{ J \mid \exists \phi \in \text{Diff}_{[\omega]}(\mu) \text{ s.t. } J \in \mathcal{J}_{\phi\omega}^{\text{int}} \right\}$

$$\Gamma(L_{[\omega]}, \text{Diff}_{[\omega]}(\mu)) \cong \text{Diff}_{[\omega]}(\mu)$$

A ∞ -dim groupoid $B\Gamma(L_{[\omega]}, \text{Diff}_{[\omega]})$
Bar construction.

Theorem 2 \int_w^{int} is weakly homotopically contractible
for del Pezzo 4 and 5

(n° of blow-up points.)

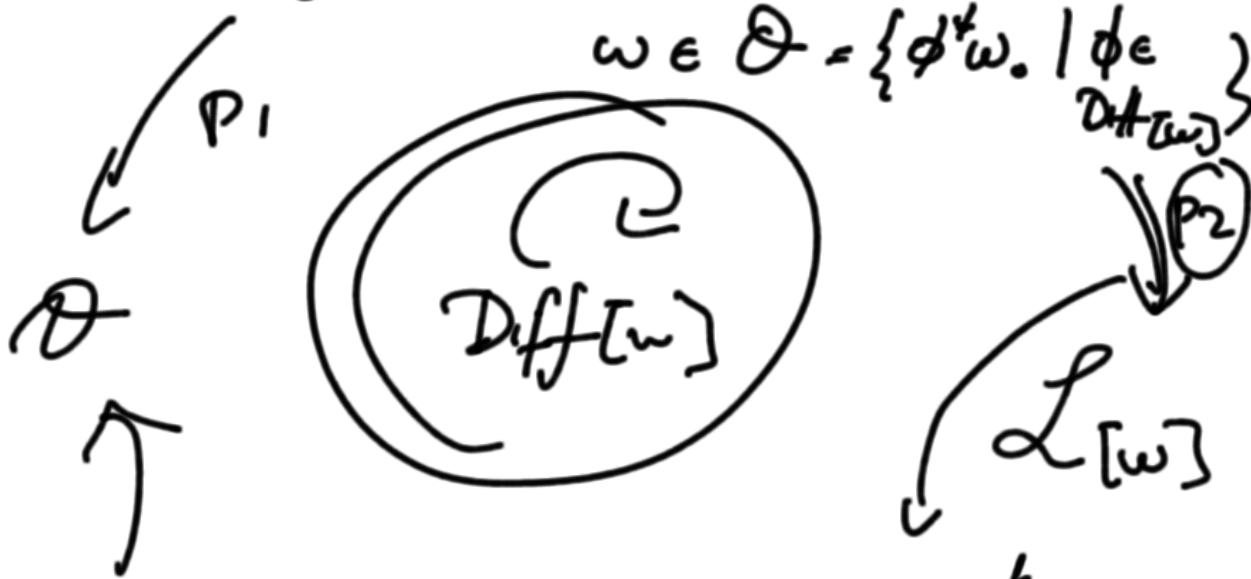
↙ (Monotone conc!)

Ideas:

$K = \{(w, J) \mid w, J \text{ are compatible}\}$

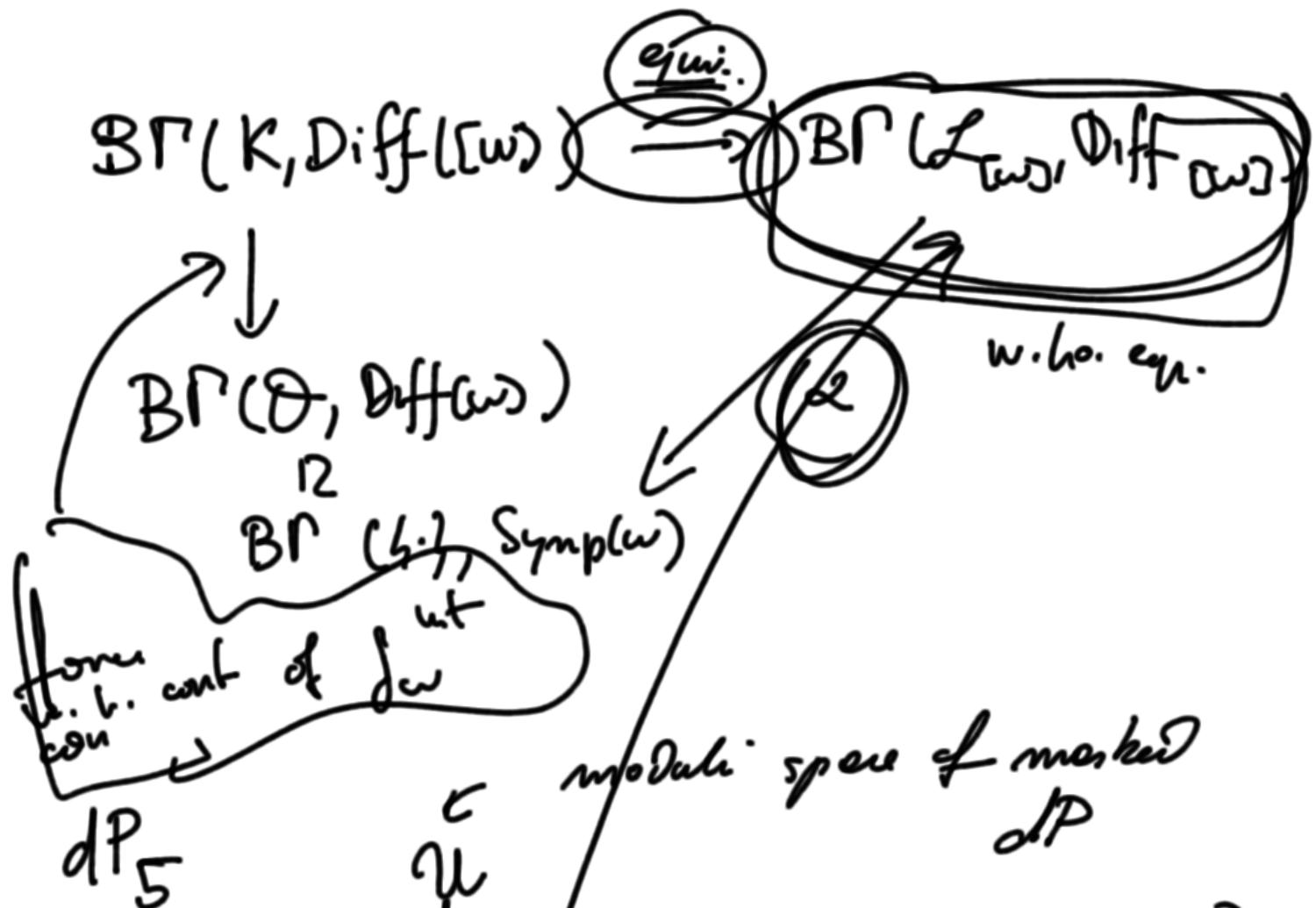
$w \in \mathcal{D} = \{\phi^* w_0 \mid \phi \in$

$\text{Diff}(w_0)\}$



fiber bundle
with fibers \int_w^{int}

sections.
 p_1 has
concave
fibers



s un collapsed point on \mathbb{P}^2

$$TW(E_\delta)$$

Seidel: $\pi_1(B^{ord}/PSL(3)) \xrightarrow{i,j} \pi_0(Symp_0(D_5, \omega))$

↪ induced by Odeh twist around

Evans

$\alpha: B^{ord}/PSL(3, \mathbb{Q}) \rightarrow BSymp(D_5, \omega)$ formation of ODP (sing oppency in k-mir cpt)

weakly fram. equiv.

w.h.b. ex. $BSymp(D_5, \omega)$

$B(B^{ord}/PSL(3, \mathbb{Q}), W)$