## Geometric Mechanics

Homework 9

Due on November 22

- 1. Let  $(M, \omega)$  be a symplectic manifold. Show that:
  - (a) M is orientable;
  - (b) If M is compact then  $\omega$  cannot be exact;
  - (c) The only sphere that admits a symplectic structure is  $S^2$ .
- 2. Let  $(M, \{\cdot, \cdot\})$  be a Poisson manifold, B the Poisson bivector and  $(x^1, \ldots, x^n)$  local coordinates on M. Show that:
  - (a) B can be written in these local coordinates as

$$B = \sum_{i,j=1}^{n} B^{ij} \frac{\partial}{\partial x^{i}} \otimes \frac{\partial}{\partial x^{j}},$$

where  $B^{ij} = \{x^i, x^j\}$  for i, j = 1, ..., n;

(b) The Hamiltonian vector field generated by  $F \in C^{\infty}(M)$  can be written as

$$X_F = \sum_{i,j=1}^p B^{ij} \frac{\partial F}{\partial x^i} \frac{\partial}{\partial x^j};$$

(c) The components of B must satisfy

$$\sum_{l=1}^{n} \left( B^{il} \frac{\partial B^{jk}}{\partial x^{l}} + B^{jl} \frac{\partial B^{ki}}{\partial x^{l}} + B^{kl} \frac{\partial B^{ij}}{\partial x^{l}} \right) = 0$$

for all  $i, j, k = 1, \ldots, n$ ;

- (d) If  $\{\cdot, \cdot\}$  arises from a symplectic form  $\omega$  then  $(B^{ij}) = -(\omega_{ij})^{-1}$ ;
- (e) If B is nondegenerate then it arises from a symplectic form.